UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



Routing of applications to examiners

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Background - Classification

USPTO uses classification to:

- Identify and group the technology captured in an incoming application
- Match the technology in an application to a patent examiner
- Assign examination time to an application

Background - Classification

- In October of 2010, USPTO and EPO agreed to jointly implement CPC
- Significant step towards international harmonization
- CPC is a more flexible and up-to-date classification system

Symbols on an application

	USPC	CPC
Number of symbols used for routing	One	One or more
Symbol(s) directed to	Most comprehensive claim	Entire disclosure

CPC and application routing:

- Opportunity to address multi-disciplinary applications via more than one CPC symbol.
- Personal expertise in the claimed art is an enhancement to productivity or ability to examine in a timely manner.
- **Challenge:** How to maintain examiners' technology expertise, and take advantage of the opportunity to use multi-disciplinary symbols to match applications to examiners?



Updates to the routing of applications (1 of 2)

Key goals:

- Finalize the transition to CPC by eliminating USPC dependencies on operational processes
 - Decrease examiners' burden of understanding and operating within two classification systems
 - Ultimately eliminate the Office's administrative and cost burden of using two classification systems
- Maximize the retention of expertise and institutional knowledge of examiners

Updates to the routing of applications (2 of 2)

Utilizing CPC:

- Applications will be routed to examiners based on an examiner's work history (portfolio)
- The classification picture on incoming applications will be compared to all examiners' portfolios to find the best examiner to examine the application

Route applications based on CPC

- Match an application's classification picture with an examiner's work experience
 - Application classification picture
 - One or more CPC symbols allocated to an application
 - Examiners' portfolios
 - Representation of work experience in CPC

Examiner portfolio

- Representation of an examiner's work experience
- Tally of the CPC symbols found on applications in which that examiner has completed at least one action
 - Actions include:
 - Final and non-final rejections
 - Allowances
 - Ex Parte Quayle actions,
 - First Action Interview Pilot Steps 1 and 2
 - Examiner's answers



Example of examiner portfolio

- An examiner does a non-final rejection on a patent application with CPC symbols A01B1/01, A47C35/15, and F16H55/05.
- The examiner also issues an allowance on a different patent application with CPC symbols A47C35/15, F16H55/05, and B35J21/07.

Examiner Portfolio				
CPC SYMBOL	CPC TALLY			
F16H55/05	2			
A47C35/15	2			
A01B1/01	1			
B35J21/07	1			



Example of qualification assessment

CPC Symbols on an application	Examiner A tally	Examiner B tally	Examiner C tally	Examiner D tally
C12N15/1137	45	20	32	15
C12Y115/01001	32	10	10	10
C12N2310/14	21	15	9	4
C12N2750/14143	9	15	4	4
C12N15/1159	7	2	2	0

Match examiners to an application

- Size of each examiner's new application docket.
- Examiner's symbol percent qualification.
- Number of other applications in the unassigned backlog for which an examiner has symbol qualification.
- Similarity between an examiner's portfolio and the classification picture on the application.

