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## 1301 Substantially Allowable Case, Special

When an application is in condition for allowance, except as to matters of form, the case will

be considered special and prompt action taken to require correction of formal matters. See 710.02 (b) paragraph (a).

## 1302 Final Review and Preparation for Issue

### 1302.01 General Review

When an application is apparently ready for allowance, it should be reviewed by the Examiner to make certain that the whole case meets all formal requirements and particularly that the brief summary of the invention and the descriptive matter are confined to the invention to which the allowed claims are directed and that the language of the claims finds clear support or antecedent basis in the specification. Neglect to give due attention to these matters may lead to confusion as to the scope of the patent.

Frequently the invention as originally described and claimed was of much greater scope than that defined in the claims as allowed. Some or much of the subject matter disclosed may be entirely outside the bounds of the claims accepted by the applicant. In such case the Examiner should require the applicant to modify his brief summary of the invention and restrict his descriptive matter so as to be in harmony with the claims. However valuable for reference purposes the Examiner may consider the matter which is extraneous to the claimed invention, patents should be confined in their disclosures to the respective inventions patented. (Rule 71.) Of course enough background should be included to make the invention clearly understandable. See 608.01 (d) and 608.01 (e).

There should be clear support or antecedent basis in the specification for the terminology used in the claims. Usually the original claims follow the nomenclature of the specification; but sometimes in amending the claims or in adding new claims, applicant employs terms that do not appear in the specification. This may result in uncertainty as to the interpretation to be given such terms. See 608.01 (o).

Where a copending application is referred to in the specification, the Examiner should ascertain whether it has matured into a patent or become abandoned and that fact or the patent number added to the specification.

## 1302.01 (a)

The claims should be renumbered as required by Rule 126, and particular attention should be given to claims dependent on previous claims to see that the numbering is consistent. See 608.01 (j) and 608.01 (n).

The title should also be checked. It should be as short and specific as possible. If a satisfactory title is not supplied by the applicant, the Examiner may change the title on or after allowance. See 606 and 606.01.

## 1302.01 (a) Fee Exempt Application

See 607.01 for checking specification to assure presence of proper stipulation by applicant.

## 1302.02 Specification To Be Rewritten if Confused by Erasures and Amendments

The Examiners are directed before passing applications to issue to carefully examine all papers and see that they are in such shape and condition as to reduce to a minimum the possibility of error by the printers. Whenever interlineations or cancellation have been made in the specification or amendments which would lead to confusion and mistake, the Examiners should require the entire portion of specification affected to be rewritten before passing the case to issue. (Order 525, Revised.) See Rule 125 in 608.01 (q).

## 1302.03 Erasure of Notations Required

All pencil notes made by the Examiners must be erased when the case is passed to issue. (Order 560, Revised.)

## 1302.04 Examiner's Amendments and Changes

Except by formal amendment duly signed or as hereinafter provided, no corrections, erasures, or interlineations may be made in the body of written portions of the specification or any other paper filed in the application for patent. [See Rule 121.]

Correction of the following obvious errors and omissions only may be made with pen by the Examiner of the case who will then initial the sheet margin and assume full responsibility for the change. Clean red ink *must* be used (not blue or black ink). The red fountain pen furnished the Docket Clerk should be used.

1. Misspelled words.
2. Disagreement of a noun with its verb.
3. Inconsistent "case" of a pronoun.
4. Disagreement between a reference character as used in the description and on the drawing. The character may be corrected in the description but

only when the Examiner is certain of the propriety of the change.

5. Entry of "now Patent No. \_\_\_\_" to identify a patent which has been granted on a U. S. application referred by Serial No. in the specification.

Other obvious informalities in the application may be corrected by the Examiner, but such corrections must be in the form of an amendment, approved and signed by the Principal Examiner, placed in the file, and made a part of the record. A copy of the amendment is sent to the applicant. The changes specified in the amendment are entered by the clerk in the regular way.

No other changes may be made by any person in any record of this office without the written approval of the Commissioner of Patents. (Extract from Order 3141 as modified by Notices of April 18, 1952, and May 19, 1952.)

Where an application is ready for issue except for a slight defect in the drawing not involving change in structure, the Examiner will note in pencil on the drawing the addition or alteration to be made. He will also prepare an Examiner's Amendment indicating the changes made and send the drawing to the Draftsman for the required correction. (Extract from Order 4009.)

See also 608.02 (w).

In reviewing the application all errors should be carefully noted. It is not a matter of importance whether the language is the best that could be chosen; it is, however, essential that it be clear in meaning, and free from errors in syntax.

An Examiner's Amendment is usually made at the time a case is being prepared for issue by the Examiner, and a copy of the amendment (Form POL-37) is mailed with the notice of allowance. However, such amendment may also be necessary after the proof of the patent is read and the case is sent up to the Examiner with a "printer waiting" slip (Form PO-97). A copy of the amendment is sent to applicant even if the application is already in the printer's hands.

## 1302.04 (a) Title of Invention

Where the title of the invention is not specific to the invention as claimed, see 606.01.

## 1302.04 (b) Cancellation of Non-Statutory Claim

When a case is otherwise in condition for allowance the Examiner may cancel an obviously non-statutory claim such as one to "A device substantially as shown and described." Appli-

cant should be notified of the cancellation of the claim by an Examiner's Amendment. See 706.03 (h).

#### **1302.04 (c) Cancellation of Claims to Non-Elected Invention**

See 821.02 (a).

#### **1302.04 (d) Cancellation of Claim Lost in Interference**

See 1109.02.

#### **1302.04 (e) Cancellation of Rejected Claims Following Appeal**

See 1214.06, 1215.03, and 1215.04.

#### **1302.04 (f) Data of Copending Application Referred to Should Be Brought Up to Date**

Where a patent application which is ready for issue refers by serial number to a U. S. application which has matured into a patent, the Examiner is authorized to enter the patent number without an Examiner's Amendment. This entry should be in the following form: "now Patent No. \_\_\_\_." This entry is to be initialed in the margin by the Examiner to fix responsibility for the same. The entry and the initials should be in red ink. (Extract from Notice of May 19, 1952.)

If the application referred to has become abandoned, the entry "and now abandoned" should be made by a formal Examiner's Amendment. See 1309.01.

#### **1302.04 (g) Identification of Claims**

In entering an Examiner's Amendment in a claim, the original number, as well as the number of the claim as it appears in the allowed application, should be referred to. (Extract from Notice of August 26, 1929.)

#### **1302.05 Correction of Drawing**

Where a case otherwise ready for issue requires correction of the drawing, the Examiner, before sending the file to the Draftsman, should attach thereto a slip indicating that the case is ready for allowance. Slight defects may be corrected on the Examiner's initiative as set forth in 608.02 (w) and an Examiner's Amendment prepared as set forth in 1302.04.

#### **1302.06 Prior Foreign Application**

On passing to issue any application in which an earlier foreign application for the same in-

vention has been filed, the Examiner will enter (if entry has not been made), at the bottom of the face of the file wrapper, the earliest date of filing in any foreign country and the name of such country. The oath should be inspected for this data. In cases given the benefit of the Boykin Act (Public Law 690) the label pasted on the face of the file wrapper will replace the entry of the date of any foreign application on the file wrapper.

When the papers have been filed under 35 U. S. C. 119 and meet the formal requirements to obtain the benefit of the prior date of the earliest foreign application, the Examiner must write "Foreign application received" in red ink on the face of the file wrapper at the bottom adjacent to the country and date of filing. See 201.14, twelfth and thirteenth paragraphs. The latter notation is important because reference to a foreign application is printed in the heading of the patent only if the proper papers for meeting the formal requirements for obtaining the right of priority have been filed. See 202.03, second paragraph.

#### **1302.07 Use of Retention Labels to Preserve Abandoned Companion Applications**

*Rule 14 (b).* Abandoned applications are likewise not open to public inspection, except that if an application referred to in a United States patent is abandoned and is available, it may be inspected or copies obtained by any person on written request, without notice to the applicant. Abandoned applications may be destroyed after twenty years from their filing date, except those to which particular attention has been called and which have been marked for preservation. Abandoned applications will not be returned.

Related applications referred to in patent specifications are preserved from destruction by a retention label (Form PO-150) which is attached to the outside of the file jacket. The Examiner prepares such a label for use as indicated below on each application (which has not become a patent) which is referred to in the specification or oath of the application ready for allowance (or in any Office letter therein).

If the case referred to is

Still pending:

Fill in and paste label on the face of the pending file jacket so that no entry is obscured, preferably in the unused portion of the space provided for name and address of inventor. Make no change in specification of the allowable application.

**Forfeited:**

If file has been forwarded fill in label and send it to Abandoned Files for attachment to the jacket. If not forwarded treat the same as pending case. Make no change in specification of the allowable application.

**Abandoned:**

If file has been forwarded fill in label and send it to Abandoned Files for attachment to the jacket. If not forwarded treat the same as pending case. Make Examiner's Amendment, adding "now abandoned" in the allowable application.

**Already patented:**

No label should be affixed. Insert patent number if not already stated in specification. (See Commissioner's Notice of May 19, 1952.)

Examiners are reminded that only one retention label is necessary. Thus, if a retention label is already present, it is sufficient to merely add "et al." to the Serial Number cited thereon. (Extract from Notice of August 1, 1952.)

**1302.08 Interference Search**

Assuming that the case is found ready for issue, the Examiner makes an "interference search." To do this, he inspects all the pending prints and drawings (or all the digests if the invention is not susceptible of illustration) in the relevant subclasses of the class in which the application is classified, and all other pertinent classes, whether in his division or elsewhere, in order to ascertain whether any other applicant is claiming substantially the same subject matter as is being allowed in the case in hand. When any of the drawings or digests shows such a condition to be likely, he examines the corresponding file. See 1101.01 (c).

If the search does not disclose any interfering application, the Examiner should prepare the case for issue.

**1302.09 Notations on File Wrapper**

The Examiner fills out in ink the form at the bottom of the face of the file wrapper.

In order to avoid misunderstanding on the part of the Printing Office or the Issue and Gazette Branch, examiners are urged to be especially careful to write the class and subclass on the outside of the file wrapper as legibly as possible. Each numeral should be carefully written to indicate its precise nature. The decimal point should be shown clearly and in its proper position. (Extract from Memorandum of July 6, 1952.)

Examiners will ordinarily designate but one claim on each invention to be published in the Official Gazette in connection with each original or reissued

patent. The broadest claim should be selected. When a plurality of inventions are claimed in an application, additional claims to a maximum of five may be designated for publication. (Order 2422, Revised.)

The file wrapper bears on the left hand margin the legend: "Division of Application No. ----, Filed -----, 19--" This is to be filled in with the serial number and date of any prior application of which the one in question is a division, a continuation or a substitute, the word "Division" being replaced by "Continuation," and the words "Division of" replaced by "Substitute" as may be required. If the prior application has issued as a patent, the patent number and date should also be supplied. If the application at hand is a division of a division, the data of all cases involved should be given. See 202.02.

In the case of a continuation-in-part, no notation on the margin of the file wrapper is made. The letters "C-P" are stamped on the face of the wrapper at the bottom thereof. See 202.02.

Chapter 200 explains the types of applications here mentioned.

**1302.10 Notations on Drawings and on Classification (Issue) Slips**

On the margin of the first sheet of drawing, the Examiner indicates the figure which he selects for printing in the Official Gazette and also the final official classification of the case. Ordinarily a single figure is selected for printing. This figure should be consistent with the claim selected for the Official Gazette. If there is no figure illustrative of or helpful in understanding the claimed invention, no figure need be selected. "None" may be written after "O. G. Fig." On the lower margin, the Examiner writes the allowance mark (=). See 903.07 and 903.07 (b) for notation to be applied to the Classification Slip (Form PO-270).

**1302.11 Reference to Assignment Branch**

Applications filed by an executor or administrator, or the equivalent, or a guardian of an insane person, or in which an executor or administrator or guardian has intervened; or in which the death of the inventor has been suggested, and also all divisional, continuation, continuation-in-part, substitute and reissue applications must be referred to the Assignment Branch before passing them to issue. All applications showing an endorsement of an assignment to

the Government or which are prosecuted by attorneys known to be employed by the Government must be submitted to the Assignment Branch before the Notice of Allowance is prepared. (See 409.01 (a) and 306.)

### 1302.12 Listing of References

In order that a list of all references cited during the prosecution of an application for patent may be available for printing as part of the issued patent, the Primary Examiner will have listed at the time the case is being prepared for issue all references which have been cited during the prosecution, including those appearing in Board of Appeals decisions and pertinent references in motions to dissolve. When a case is allowed on the first action, the Examiner should send a letter along with the Notice of Allowance, citing pertinent art. These references will be listed on Form PO-98. (Notice of December 19, 1946, Revised.)

Foreign patents are listed by the actual name of the country, as for example "Great Britain" rather than "British" and "France" rather than "French". The name of the foreign country should not be abbreviated. (Notice of April 2, 1947, Revised.)

The list of the United States patents must be in numerical order and where there is more than one foreign patent from the same country these should be listed in numerical order. (Memorandum of August 5, 1947, Revised.)

An English language patent corresponding to a foreign language patent shall be cited but once and then in parentheses immediately below the foreign language patent in the following manner:

FOREIGN PATENTS		
Country	Number	Date
France.....	860,963	Oct. 15, 1940
(Corresponding U. S.—2,537,757, January 9, 1951.)		

The Examiner is not expected to make a special search for corresponding English language patents. (Extract from Notice of September 27, 1951.)

In order to avoid possible errors in the listing of references, the following procedure should always be followed:

Whenever a reference has been incorrectly cited in any official paper forming part of an application file, and such citation has been correctly given in an ensuing Office action, the Examiner is directed to correct the error, in ink, in the paper in which the error appears, and place his initials on the margin of such paper, together with a notation of the paper number of the action in which the citation has been correctly given.

In any case, otherwise ready for issue, in which the erroneous citation has not been formally corrected in an official paper, the Examiner is directed

to correct the citation by way of an Examiner's amendment. (Notice of May 13, 1948.)

Where an applicant in an amendatory paper refers to a reference which is subsequently relied on by the Examiner, such reference shall be cited by the Examiner in the usual manner. (Notice of December 20, 1946.)

Any new reference cited when the case is in issue, under the practice of 1308.01, should be added to the list on Form PO-98.

### 1302.13 Signing

After revision by the clerk and correction of any discovered informalities, the application file is signed by the Primary Examiner.

### 1303 Notice of Allowance

After the application file has been signed by the Primary Examiner, the typist fills out the appropriate form of notice of allowance as described in the Manual of Clerical Operations.

When the notice of allowance is mailed its date is also endorsed on the file wrapper.

### 1303.01 Amendment Received After Allowance

If the amendment is filed under Rule 312, see 714.15 to 714.16 (e). If the amendment contains claims copied from a patent, see 1101.02 (g).

### 1303.02 Undelivered

In case a notice of allowance is returned, and a new notice is sent, as set forth in 707.13, the file is obtained from the Issue and Gazette Branch, and the date of sending the notice changed to agree with the date of such remailing.

### 1303.03 Not Withheld Due to Death of Inventor

The notice of allowance will not be withheld due to death of the inventor even though the executor or administrator has not intervened. See 409.01 (f).

### 1304 Withholding From Issue of "Secrecy Order" Cases

"Secrecy Order" cases are not sent to issue even when all of the claims have been allowed. Instead of mailing an ordinary notice of allowance a D-10 Notice is sent. See 107.02.

If the "Secrecy Order" in a case is withdrawn after the D-10 notice is mailed, the case should then be treated like an ordinary application in condition for allowance.

**1304.01 Amendments After D-10 Notice**

For amendments received after D-10 Notice, see 107.02.

**1305 Jurisdiction**

After the notice of allowance is mailed, the case is sent to the Issue and Gazette Branch. It is then technically no longer within the jurisdiction of the Primary Examiner. However, the Examiner may make Examiner's amendments correcting obvious errors, as, when brought to the attention of the Examiner by the printer, and also may admit amendments under Rule 312 which are confined to matters of form in specification or claims, or to the cancellation of a claim or claims. The Examiner's action on other amendments under Rule 312 consists of a recommendation to the Commissioner.

To regain jurisdiction over the case, the Examiner must write a letter to the Commissioner requesting it. See 1308 and 1308.02.

Once the patent has been granted, the Patent Office can take no action concerning it except as provided in 35 U. S. C. 135 and 35 U. S. C. 251 through 256. See chapter 14.

**1306 Public Law 690 Cases**

See 201.16.

**1307 Change in Classification of Cases Which Are in Issue**

See 903.07.

**1308 Withdrawal From Issue**

*Rule 313. Withdrawal from issue.* After the notice of allowance of an application is sent, the case will not be withdrawn from issue except by approval of the Commissioner, and if withdrawn for further action on the part of the Office, a new notice of allowance will be sent if the application is again allowed. When the final fee has been paid, and the patent to be issued has received its date and number, the application will not be withdrawn from issue on account of any mistake or change of purpose of the applicant, his attorney or his agent, nor for the purpose of enabling the inventor to procure a foreign patent, nor for any other reasons except mistake on the part of the Office, or because of fraud or illegality in the application, or for interference. Express abandonment of the application (rule 138) may not be recognized by the Office unless it is actually received by appropriate officials in time to act thereon before the date of issue.

If the applicant wishes to have the case withdrawn from issue, he must petition the Commissioner. Withdrawal is permitted only for the reasons stated in the rule. For withdrawal procedure by Examiner see 1308.02.

**1308.01 Rejection After Allowance**

A claim noted as allowable shall thereafter be rejected only with the approval of the Primary Examiner. Great care should be exercised in authorizing such rejection (Order 3157).

When a new reference is discovered, which obviously is applicable to one or more of the allowed claims in an application in issue, and where a sufficient portion of the statutory period for payment of final fee remains, the Examiner is authorized to enter a letter informing applicant of the proposal of requesting withdrawal from issue for the purpose of rejecting the claim or claims as fully met by, or obviously unpatentable over, the new reference. The letter should apply the reference in detail and should also set a time limit (within such statutory period), within which applicant may respond by way of argument or amendment under Rule 312 to overcome the reference and avoid the necessity for withdrawal from issue. Such a letter, with the reference and file, should be submitted to the Supervisory Examiner before mailing. (Notice of March 15, 1950.)

If insufficient time remains to carry out the above, or if no response is received, or if a response is filed and it fails to overcome the reference, or if the above appears fruitless, the Primary Examiner in a letter addressed to the Commissioner requests that the application be withdrawn from issue for the purpose of applying the new reference. This letter should cite the reference, and, if need be, briefly state its application. This letter, with the reference and file, should be submitted to the Supervisory Examiner before it is transmitted to the Commissioner. Upon approval of this request by the Commissioner, the letter is taken to the Issue and Gazette Branch and the application is stamped "Withdrawn" over the allowance signature of the Primary Examiner. It is then returned to the division from which it came; the clerk enters the withdrawal from the issue on her register, and the application is thus restored to its former status as a pending application awaiting action by the Examiner. The Examiner at once writes a letter in the case stating that the application has been withdrawn from issue, citing the new reference, and rejecting the claims met thereby.

If the Examiner's proposed action is not approved, the letter requesting withdrawal from issue should not be placed in the file.

**1308.02 Form of Letter**

Where it becomes necessary to withdraw a case from issue for the purpose of rejecting claims, the following letter will serve as a form:

Application of	(Date)
John Doe	
Serial No. 85,963	
Washing Machine	Withdrawal from Issue
Filed Feb. 14, 1933.	
Allowed Mar. 6, 1935	

*Hon. Commissioner of Patents:*

SIR: It is requested that the above-entitled application be withdrawn from issue for the purpose of rejecting claims in view of the newly discovered reference, the patent No. ---- to ----. (Explain, if necessary.)

Respectfully,

*Examiner.*

**1308.03 For Interference Purposes**

It may be necessary to withdraw a case from issue for reasons connected with an interference. For the procedure to be followed see 1101.01 (o) and 1112.04.

**1309 Issue of Patent**

The files of allowed cases (not patented files) are kept in the Issue and Gazette Branch, arranged in the serial number order. When the final fee is paid within the time allowed by law, the file is given a patent number and date. The file then goes to the Assignment Branch for examination as to assignments after which it is sent to the Government Printing Office for printing of the specification. A bond paper copy of the drawing and specification is ribboned and sealed in the Issue and Gazette Branch and finally signed.

*35 U. S. C. 153. How issued.* Patents shall be issued in the name of the United States of America, under the seal of the Patent Office, and shall be signed by the Commissioner or have his signature placed thereon and attested by an officer of the Patent Office designated by the Commissioner, and shall be recorded in the Patent Office.

In accordance with the Commissioner's Notice of July 2, 1952 (661 O. G. 13) various officials including the head of the Issue and Gazette Branch have been designated as attesting officer to attest to the name of the Commissioner. The assistant head of the Issue and Gazette Branch acts as attesting officer in the

absence of unavailability of the head of the branch.

**1309.01 "Printer Waiting" Cases**

After printing of the specification the proof is read by employees of the Government Printing Office. Where apparent error is found, the file with the proof is transmitted to the Examiner, attention being called on an attached "printer waiting" slip (Form PO-97) to the supposed errors.

All "printer waiting" cases must receive immediate attention and be returned to the Issue and Gazette Branch as soon as possible (preferably within three hours). (Extract from Notice of December 6, 1920.)

If the Examiner concurs in the criticisms, the errors should, if possible, be corrected in ink and initialed or be corrected by Examiner's amendment. See 1302.04.

If the required correction cannot be cured by Examiner's amendment, the application may have to be withdrawn from issue. This may sometimes be avoided if the attorney or his representative is in Washington. In such cases, he should be called in immediately, and the error may perhaps be corrected by amendment under Rule 312.

If the Examiner finds the specification correct as it stands, he endorses the slip to that effect.

Cases containing chemical or other formulae, equations and tables are also sent to the Examiner with "printer waiting" slips for checking.

After correction or checking, the application file and proof are returned to the Issue and Gazette Branch. Because it is so important that the file and proof be returned promptly, they must be taken to the Issue and Gazette Branch by a member of the Examining Division and not sent through the envelope messenger service.

**1309.02 Protest Against Issue**

*Rule 291. Protests to the grant of a patent.* The patent statutes do not provide for opposition to the grant of a patent on the part of the public. Protests to the grant of a patent are ordinarily merely acknowledged, and filed after being referred to the examiner having charge of the subject matter involved for his information.

When a protest is filed against the issuance of a patent the same shall, after consideration by the Examiner, be forwarded to the Supervisory Examiner and shall not be entered in the file of the application to which it refers. (Order 1805, Revised.)