		326	Containing alors (o. m
300	COMPOSITIONS	320	Containing clay (e.g.,
301	.Reactive furnace lining		bentonite, montmorillonite,
302	.Welding rod or electrode defined		etc.), cement, or Alkali metal
	by composition		silicate
303	.Solid treating composition for	327	Containing Alkaline earth
	liquid metal (e.g., flux,		metal compound or Aluminum(Al)
	slagging agent, casting agent,		compound
	etc.) or charge	328	Containing free metal
304	In wire, container, or article	329	Containing Alkaline earth metal
301	with surface feature		compound or Aluminum(Al)
305	For casting or teeming		compound
303	operation	228	.Consolidated metal powder
306	-		compositions
300	For electrothermic operation	229	Flake or fibrous constituent or
	(e.g., electroslag remelting,		fibrous grain structure
200	etc.)	230	With nonmetal constituent -
307	Containing Boron(B) compound	230	Silicon(Si) considered a metal
308	Containing Halide		(e.g., cermet, etc.)
309	Containing Fluoride	231	Molybdenum sulfide or
310	And consolidated	231	-
311	And consolidated		functional constituent (e.g.,
312	Containing Carbide	020	lubricant, abrasive, etc.)
313	Composition for or from	232	Oxide containing
	consolidating by	233	With another nonmetal
	agglomerating, calcinating,	234	Oxygen(0) associated with
	compacting, indurating,		more than one metal
	roasting, sintering, or	235	Oxide of Aluminum(Al),
	solidifying from molten mass		<pre>Beryllium(Be), Magnesium(Mg),</pre>
314	Containing free metal		Alkaline earth metal,
315	Aluminum(Al) or Magnesium(Mg)		<pre>Scandium(Sc), Yttrium(Y),</pre>
313	as free metal		Lanthanide metal, Actinide
216			metal, Titanium (Ti),
316	Iron(Fe), Iron scrap, or Iron		<pre>Zirconium(Zr), or Hafnium(Hf)</pre>
210	alloy as free metal	236	Carbide containing
317	And coal, coke, pitch,	237	With another nonmetal
	asphalt, or tar	238	Nonmetal is Boron(B) or
318	And clay (e.g., bentonite,		Nitrogen(N)
	<pre>montmorillonite, etc.),</pre>	239	Carbide only of Vanadium(V),
	cement, or Alkali metal	237	Niobium(Nb) or Columbium(Cb),
	silicate		or Tantalum(Ta)
319	Containing Iron(Fe) compound	240	Carbide only of Chromium(Cr),
320	And coal, coke, pitch,	240	
	asphalt, or tar	0.41	Molybdenum(Mo), or Tungsten(W)
321	And synthetic polymer,	241	Carbon(C) associated with
	natural polymer, or		more than one metal
	carbohydrate	242	Free metal is Iron(Fe),
322	And clay (e.g., bentonite,		Cobalt(Co), or Nickel(Ni) only
322	montmorillonite, etc.),	243	Nonmetal is elemental
	cement, or Alkali metal		Carbon(C) only
	silicate	244	Containing Boron(B) or
323	And Alkaline earth metal		Nitrogen(N)
323	compound or Aluminum(Al)	245	Base metal one or more
	compound		Transition metal
324	_	246	Base metal one or more of Iron
	Containing Zinc(Zn) compound		group, Copper(Cu), or Noble
325	Containing coal, coke, pitch,		metal
	asphalt, or tar		

75 - 2 CLASS 75 SPECIALIZED METALLURGICAL PROCESSES, COMPOSITIONS FOR USE THEREIN, CONSOLIDATED METAL POWDER COMPOSITIONS, AND LOOSE METAL PARTICULATE MIXTURES

247	Base metal one or more of Copper(Cu) or Noble metal	349	Using Phosphorus(P), Boron(B), or Silicon(Si) or compound
248	Base metal confined to Tungsten(W)	350	thereofUsing Alkaline earth metal or
249	Base metal one or more of		compound thereof
	<pre>Beryllium(Be), Magnesium(Mg),</pre>	351	Producing alloy
	or Aluminum(Al)	352	Including comminution
250	Base metal is Beryllium(Be)	353	Utilizing scrap material
	only	354	Including comminution
255	.Loose particulate mixture (i.e.,	355	Directly from liquid mass
	composition) containing metal		(e.g., by atomizing, etc.)
	particles	356	And shaping or sintering prior
252	Mixture contains particles of		to comminution
	nonmetal	357	With step at 300 degrees C or
253	Halogen containing particles		greater
254	Boron(B) containing particles	358	Use of salt bath
330	PROCESSES	359	Reduction
331	.Producing solid particulate free	360	Use of gas
	metal directly from liquid	361	Using nonmetallic material
	metal (e.g., liquid		which is liquid under standard
220	comminuting, etc.)		conditions
332	With subsequent coating of the	362	Decomposition of organo-
222	particles		compound containing metal or
333	Utilizing centrifugal force or	262	metal carbonyl
	rotating forming zone to comminute liquid metal	363	At 300 degrees C or greater
334	Including directing liquid	364	Combined with step at less
224	metal onto rotating disc		than 300 degrees C using nonmetallic material which is
335	By vibrating or agitating		nonmetallic material which is liquid under standard
336	Utilizing electrothermic energy		conditions
330	to comminute	365	Step at 300 degrees C or
337	By impinging plural liquid	303	greater after step at less
337	streams		than 300 degrees C using
338	By impinging or atomizing with		nonmetallic material which is
	gaseous jet or blast		liquid under standard
339	Gas used is air		conditions
340	By extrusion spraying or	366	Utilizing a fluidized bed
	gravity fall through orifice	367	Vaporizing or condensing free
341	Into moving fluid		metal
342	.Spheroidizing or rounding of	368	Settling of powder in molten
	existing solid metal particles		metal or salt bath
343	.Producing or purifying free	369	Purifying powdered metal or
	metal powder or producing or		reducing powdered metal
	purifying alloys in powder		compound to free metal
	form (i.e., named or of size	370	Using nonmetallic material
	up to 1,000 microns in its		which is liquid under standard
	largest dimension)	201	conditions
344	Radioactive	371	And settling of free metal
345	Utilizing electrothermic,	270	from solution
	magnetic, or wave energy	372	Displacing by another metal
346	Utilizing plasma	272	(i.e., electromotive series)
347	Utilizing magnetism	373	Copper(Cu) recovered
348	Producing or purifying named	374	Nickel(Ni) or Cobalt(Co)
	magnetic material		recovered

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10.1	.Electrothermic processes (e.g.,	10.36	Exhaust or top gas reused or
	microwave, induction,	10 00	treated
	<pre>resistance, electric arc, plasma, etc.)</pre>	10.37	With production of electrical energy
10.11	With zone melting or fractional	10.38	Producing or treating Iron(Fe)
	crystallization		or Iron alloy
10.12	Controlling process through	10.39	Adding gaseous treating agent
	sensed condition	10.4	Gas contains gaseous Oxygen
10.13	Electromagnetic wave energy	10.41	Producing or treating
	<pre>(e.g., microwave, laser, etc.)</pre>		<pre>Iron(Fe) or Iron alloy</pre>
10.14	Electrical induction	10.42	With charge melting by
10.15	Producing or treating Iron(Fe)		electrothermal energy
	or Iron alloy	10.43	Hydrogen or Water vapor
10.16	With induced magnetic	10.44	Carbon monoxide or Carbon
	stirring		dioxide
10.17	With gaseous treating agent	10.45	Noble gas, Nitrogen, or inert
10.18	Producing or treating		gas not otherwise identified
	<pre>Aluminum(Al), Beryllium(Be),</pre>	10.46	Adding solid treating agent,
	<pre>Cobalt(Co), Chromium(Cr),</pre>		slag or flux
	<pre>Magnesium(Mg), Nickel(Ni),</pre>	10.47	Magnesium(Mg) or compound
	Titanium(Ti), or alloy thereof		thereof
10.19	Plasma	10.48	Aluminum(Al) or compound
10.2	Influenced by magnetic field		thereof
10.21	Producing or treating	10.49	Boron(B) or compound thereof
	Aluminum(Al) or Aluminum alloy	10.5	Silicon(Si) or compound
10.22	Producing or treating Iron(Fe)		thereof
	or Iron alloy	10.51	Ferrosilicon alloy
10.23	Consumable metal-containing	10.52	Silicon carbide
	electrode	10.53	With lime present
10.24	Electroslag remelting	10.54	Alkali metal, Alkaline earth
10.25	Producing or treating	10.01	metal, or compound thereof
	<pre>Chromium(Cr), Cobalt(Co),</pre>	10.55	Calcium fluoride (e.g.,
	<pre>Copper(Cu), Iron(Fe),</pre>	10.00	Fluorspar, Fluorite, etc.)
	<pre>Manganese(Mn), Nickel(Ni),</pre>	10.56	Calcium carbide
	Titanium(Ti), or alloy thereof	10.57	Calcium carbonate (e.g.,
10.26	Producing or treating	10.07	limestone, etc.)
	<pre>Titanium(Ti) or Zirconium(Zr)</pre>	10.58	Calcium oxide (e.g., lime,
	or alloy thereof	10.30	calx, etc.)
10.27	Carbothermic reduction of	10.59	Carbon(C) containing material
	Aluminum(Al) compound	10.33	(e.g., Carbon, carbonaceous
10.28	With volatilization of metal		material, Carbide, etc.)
	halide	10.6	Producing or treating
10.29	Distillation or volatilization		Iron(Fe) or Iron alloy
	of refined metal or compound	10.61	With electric arc
	thereof	10.62	Reducing or smelting
10.3	Producing Zinc(Zn)	10.63	Producing or treating Iron(Fe)
10.31	From consolidated material	20.00	or Iron alloy
	(e.g., briquette, pellet,	10.64	Vacuum purifying or degassing
	etc.)	10.65	Melting or holding melt
10.32	With electric arc	10.66	Producing or treating Iron(Fe)
10.33	Producing magnesium(Mg)	_0.00	or Iron alloy
10.34	Rotating chamber	10.67	.Magnetic (e.g., electromagnetic,
10.35	Reducing or smelting slag or	,	etc.) or electrostatic
	dross as starting material		processes

75 - 4 CLASS 75 SPECIALIZED METALLURGICAL PROCESSES, COMPOSITIONS FOR USE THEREIN, CONSOLIDATED METAL POWDER COMPOSITIONS, AND LOOSE METAL PARTICULATE MIXTURES

375	.Process control responsive to sensed condition	406	Adsorbing impurity from vaporous or liquid metal
376	Removing material from process to sense condition	407	Filtering vaporous or liquid metal
377	Material removed is molten metal	408	Alkali metal, singly or in combination
378	Pressure sensed	409	Magnesium(Mg)
379	Of feed gas	410	Noble metal, singly or in
380	Temperature sensed	110	combination
381	Of waste gas	411	Copper(Cu)
382	Of waste gas	412	Aluminum(Al)
383	Of morten metarOf sintered material	413	From metal carbonyl or Carbon
384	Or sintered materialComposition sensed	413	monoxide complex
385	-	414	At 300 degrees C or greater
	Of waste gas	414	(e.g., pyrometallurgy, etc.)
386	Characteristic of treated	415	Foam
	material sensed (e.g.,	416	
207	density, etc.)	410	Combined with step at less than 300 degrees C using
387	Flow rate sensed		nonmetallic material which is
388	.Preparing for amalgamation,		liquid under standard
	preparing and amalgamating, or		conditions (e.g.,
	breaking amalgam to produce free metal		hydrometallurgy, etc.)
389		417	Obtaining metal from
309	And displacing with a metal	11,	photographic waste
390	other than Mercury(Hg)Utilizing a Halogen containing	418	Obtaining metal from
390		110	electrolytic slime
391	agentUtilizing a Nitrogen(N)	419	Step at less than 300 degrees
391	containing agent	117	C using nonmetallic material
392	.Producing or treating free metal		which is liquid under standard
392			conditions after a step at 300
393	Utilizing Radioactive material, producing or treating		degrees C or greater
	Radioactive metal	420	Step at less than 300
394	Thorium(Th)		degrees C using nonmetallic
395	Reduction		material which is liquid under
396	Plutonium(Pu)		standard conditions is
397	Reduction		reduction to free metal
398	Uranium(U)	421	Noble metal
399	Reduction	422	Silver(Ag)
400	ReductionFree metal production from sea	423	Gold(Au)
400	nodules	424	Copper(Cu)
401	Treating multicomponent metal-	425	Iron(Fe), Cobalt(Co), or
401	containing scrap having an		Nickel(Ni)
	integral substrate to separate	426	Noble metal obtained
	metal therefrom by temperature	427	Silver(Ag)
	modification or chemical	428	Gold(Au)
	process at least one metal	429	Copper(Cu) obtained
	remains solid during	430	Iron(Fe), Cobalt(Co), or
	separation		Nickel(Ni) obtained
402	Utilizing molten salt bath	431	Zinc(Zn), Cadmium(Cd), or
403	Removing nonmetal from metal		Mercury(Hg) obtained
404	Separating liquid metal by	432	Tin(Sn) or Lead(Pb) obtained
	centrifuging	433	Iron(Fe)
405	Removing gas from liquid metal	434	With concurrent production of
	by use of gas permeable		hydraulic cement
	membrane		

435	With concurrent production of Titanium dioxide	472	<pre>Defined composition of Iron(Fe) source</pre>
436	With consolidation (e.g.,	473	Reduction in closed retort
	pelletizing, etc.) of solid	4.5.4	(e.g., Hoganas process, etc.)
	<pre>metallic Iron(Fe) product after reduction</pre>	474	Reduction in rotary kiln
437	Reducing Iron(Fe) halide	475	With melting of Iron(Fe)
437		400	product
430	Making wrought Iron(Fe)Pouring molten Iron(Fe) into	476	Iron(Fe) product melted
439	, , ,	477	within rotary kiln
	<pre>molten slag (i.e., Aston process)</pre>	477	<pre>Introducing solid reductant into rotary kiln</pre>
440	Utilizing moving hearth	478	Solid reductant is recycled
441	Directly from Iron(Fe)	479	Any part of the charge is
	<pre>compound only (no metallic Iron)</pre>		<pre>consolidated by agglomerating, compacting, indurating, or</pre>
442	In moving furnace		sintering (e.g., pelletized
443	Reducing in gaseous		ore, flux, or reductant, etc.)
	suspension	480	Reducible Iron(Fe) compound
444	Fluidized bed		and solid reductant fed
445	With melting of Iron(Fe)		through same end of rotary
446	Outside the fluidized bed		kiln
447	With solid in fluidized bed	481	Mixed prior to charging
	in addition to reducible	482	With generation of gaseous
	Iron(Fe) compound		reductant outside rotary kiln
448	Carbon(C)	483	Superposed multiple hearth
449	Generated in situ		reduction
450	Using plural fluidized bed	484	Moving furnace or hearth
	furnaces		(e.g., moving belt, etc.)
451	Using plural fluidized bed	485	Reduction in molten state
	zones within a furnace	486	Heating reduction zone by
452	<pre>Solid product produced (without melting)</pre>		heat conducted through walls of zone
453	Cyclone apparatus used	487	Shaft furnace
454	Using same inlet to feed	488	Reduction to metallic
	solid and gas		Iron(Fe) within shaft furnace
455	Inlet is a burner	489	Externally supplied gas
456	Burner is horizontal		reductant
457	Inlet feeds upwardly	490	Solid Iron(Fe) produced
458	Blast furnace reduction to		within shaft furnace
	<pre>produce molten Iron(Fe)</pre>	491	With melting Iron(Fe)
459	\ldots .Using additive to the blast		product outside shaft furnace
460	Carbonaceous	492	With gasification of
461	Slurry of solid in liquid		solid carbonaceous material in
462	Liquid	400	melt (e.g., coal, etc.)
463	Gaseous	493	Using solid Carbon(C) to
464	Recycled off gas		generate gas in separate
465	Water		<pre>furnace (e.g., Wiberg process, etc.)</pre>
466	Oxygen enrichment	494	Solid Carbon(C) is coal
467	Tapping molten product	494	Direct addition of gas
468	Top gas recovery	コノフ	containing gaseous Oxygen or
469	Specified method of charging		water to shaft furnace (e.g.,
	burden		continuous HyL process, etc.)
470	Defined composition of slag		Jones Mar Process, coc.
471	<pre>Defined composition of reductant</pre>		

75 - 6 CLASS 75 SPECIALIZED METALLURGICAL PROCESSES, COMPOSITIONS FOR USE THEREIN, CONSOLIDATED METAL POWDER COMPOSITIONS, AND LOOSE METAL PARTICULATE MIXTURES

496	With reformation of reducing gas in separate furnace (e.g., Midrex process, etc.)	517	<pre>With addition of solid elemental Carbon(C) or employing elemental Carbon furnace lining</pre>
497	With plural reformers (e.g., Purofer process, etc.)	518	With compound containing Alkali metal and Oxygen (e.g.,
498	With addition of steam to reformer (e.g., Armco process, etc.)	519	Sodium nitrate, Sodium carbonate, etc.)With Halogen or Halogen
499	Molten Iron(Fe) produced in shaft furnace		<pre>containing compound (e.g., Sodium chloride, Fluorspar,</pre>
500	Reduction in molten state		etc.)
501	Gas injection below surface of melt	520	<pre>With Alkaline earth metal or Magnesium(Mg) containing</pre>
502	Gas injection over surface		compound
	of melt (e.g., as in reverberatory furnace, etc.)	521	With Transition metal compound
503	Reduction in presence of	522	Iron oxide
	solid Carbon(C) containing	523	Melting solid Iron(Fe)
	material (e.g., coke, coal,	524	Sequential treatment of
		321	molten Iron(Fe) in plural
E 0 4	carbides, etc.)		
504	Including consolidation of		apparatus with different
	solid Carbon(C) containing		linings (e.g., acid Bessemer
	material with reducible		followed by basic Bessemer,
	Iron(Fe) compound		etc.)
505	Reduction with externally	525	Impinging free falling
	applied gas (e.g., batch HyL		molten metal stream or spray
			with a gas or solid agent or
	process, etc.)		
506	Reduction in the presence of		spraying (e.g., atomizing,
	liquid carbonaceous reductant		etc.) of molten metal
	<pre>(e.g., petroleum, pitch, etc.)</pre>	526	Adding solid treating agent
507	Melting Iron(Fe) or treating		in form of wire, rod, or
	molten Iron		article with surface feature
508	Vacuum treatment of molten		or in container or by plunging
300			means
F00	Iron(Fe)	527	In rotary kiln (e.g., Kaldo
509	Free falling stream or	527	process, etc.)
	spray of molten Iron(Fe)	F.O.O.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
510	Vacuum lift	528	Injecting gas or
511	With addition of gas		nonmetalliferous liquid which
512	With addition of gas		gasifies into, onto, or
513	In reverberatory furnace		through premelted Iron(Fe) or
213			slag layer thereon
	(e.g., open-hearth, Siemens-	529	With hydrocarbon liquid or
	Martin, puddling, etc.)	323	gas present
514	With treating of molten	F20	
	Iron(Fe) with gas outside	530	And hydrocarbon in
	reverberatory furnace (e.g.,		surrounding relationship to
	in Bessemer converter, etc.)		gaseous Oxygen (e.g.,
515	With melting Iron(Fe) in		hydrocarbon in outer
	shaft furnace		concentric tube, etc.)
E16		531	And adding solid agent,
516	Using gaseous Oxygen in a		slag, or flux to premelted
	higher concentration than in		Iron(Fe) or slag layer thereon
	ambient air	532	Loose elemental Carbon(C),
		J J Z	
			coal, or coke (e.g.,
			carburizing, etc.)

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533	With solid entrained in gas or injected by gas pressure	560	<pre>Treating premelted Iron(Fe) or slag layer thereon by adding solid agent, slag, or</pre>
534	Boron(B) or compound	561	flux
535	thereof used in processMetal halide used in process	301	<pre>Loose elemental Carbon(C), coal, or coke (e.g., carburizing, etc.)</pre>
536	Carbide used in process	562	Sulfur(S) or compound
537	Elemental metal or		thereof
	elemental Silicon(Si) used in process	563	Nitrate, Chlorate, Permanganate, or Peroxide
538	Iron(Fe) containing	564	Boron(B) or compound
	compound used in process		thereof
539	Alkali metal compound or	565	Metal halide
	Alkaline earth metal compound	566	Carbide
	used in process	567	Elemental metal or
540	Gas contains gaseous		elemental Silicon(Si)
	Oxygen	568	Aluminum(Al) or
541	Metal halide		Magnesium(Mg)
542	Carbide	569	Iron(Fe) containing
543	Elemental metal or		compound
	elemental Silicon(Si)	570	Alkali metal compound or
544	Iron(Fe) containing		Alkaline earth metal compound
	compound	571	Melting solid Iron(Fe)
545	Alkali metal compound or	572	Melting packaged Iron(Fe)
	Alkaline earth metal compound		or Iron of specified structure
546	Noble gas or inert gas not		to facilitate melting (e.g.,
	otherwise identified		shaped bale of scrap, etc.)
547	Gas compound containing Oxygen (e.g., Carbon monoxide,	573	<pre>In shaft furnace (e.g., cupola, etc.)</pre>
	Carbon dioxide, Water, etc.)	574	\ldots Without the use of solid,
548	Gas contains gaseous Oxygen		carbonaceous material (e.g.,
549	With treatment of exhaust		without coke, etc.)
	gas	575	Using Oxygen in a higher
550	And adding gaseous Oxygen		concentration than ambient air
	or inert gas to exhaust gas	576	Using both a solid
551	Injecting from above and		carbonaceous fuel (e.g., coke,
	below melt surface		etc.) and a fluid (e.g,
552	Including other gas from		natural gas, etc.)
	below	577	Defined composition of
553	Injecting only from above melt surface		solid fuel other than nominal "coke"
554	Including other gas from	578	With Calcium carbide
	above	579	With Alkali metal compound
555	Including other gas from below	580	In closed vessel with heat conducted through walls only
556	Injecting only from below	F.0.1	(e.g., crucible melting, etc.)
	melt surface	581	Melting scrap
557	Including other gas from below	582	<pre>Separating slag from molten Iron(Fe)</pre>
558	Noble gas or inert gas not otherwise identified	583	<pre>Stirring or agitating molten Iron(Fe)</pre>
559	Gas compound containing	584	Pouring or tapping molten
	Oxygen (e.g., Carbon monoxide,		Iron(Fe)
	Carbon dioxide, Water, etc.)	585	Nonferrous

75 - 8 CLASS 75 SPECIALIZED METALLURGICAL PROCESSES, COMPOSITIONS FOR USE THEREIN, CONSOLIDATED METAL POWDER COMPOSITIONS, AND LOOSE METAL PARTICULATE MIXTURES

586	Concurrent production of Nonferrous metal and other desired nonmetallic product	618	Free metal or alloy reductant contains Magnesium(Mg)
587	<pre>(e.g., cement, etc.)Countercurrent liquid-liquid</pre>	619	<pre>Metal produced is Titanium(Ti)</pre>
307	extraction of molten	620	Of Titanium(Ti),
	Nonferrous metal	020	Zirconium(Zr), or Hafnium(Hf)
588	Fractionation of molten		compound containing Halogen
300	Nonferrous metal (e.g., with	621	Treating molten
	reflux, etc.)	021	Titanium(Ti), Zirconium(Zr),
589	Alkali metal, singly or in		or Hafnium(Hf)
	combination	622	Vanadium(V), Niobium(Nb) or
590	Vaporizing or condensing		Columbium(Cb), or
591	Cesium(Cs)		Tantalum(Ta), singly or in
592	Precipitating impurities		combination
	from molten Alkali metal	623	Chromium(Cr),
593	Beryllium(Be)		Molybdenum(Mo), or
594	Magnesium(Mg)		Tungsten(W), singly or in
595	Vaporizing or condensing		combination
596	Reduction	624	Manganese(Mn)
597	Using metal or metal	625	Reduction
	compound reductant	626	Cobalt(Co)
598	And Carbon(C)	627	Reduction
599	Using Carbon(C)	628	Nickel(Ni)
600	Treating molten	629	Reduction
	Magnesium(Mg)	630	Segregation process
601	Precipitating impurities	631	Noble metal, singly or in
	from molten Magnesium(Mg)		combination
602	Adding gas	632	Palladium(Pd)
603	And solid	633	Platinum(Pt)
604	Adding solid	634	Silver(Ag)
605	Alkaline earth metal, singly	635	Recovering Silver(Ag) from
	or in combination		photographic material
606	Reducing halide	636	Reduction
607	Vaporizing or condensing	637	Gold(Au)
608	Reduction	638	Copper(Cu)
609	Treating molten Alkaline	639	Treating material in gaseous
	earth metal		suspension
610	Rare earth metal, singly or	640	Treating slag or dross
	in combination	641	Reduction
611	Refractory metal, singly or	642	Segregation process
	in combination	643	Treating matte or sulfide
612	Titanium(Ti), Zirconium(Zr),	644	Treating waste gas
	or ${\tt Hafnium(Hf)}$, ${\tt singly}$ or in	645	With prior production of
	combination		matte or sulfide
613	Reduction	646	Treating molten Copper(Cu)
614	Using free metal or alloy	647	By vacuum
	reductant	648	Adding gas
615	Of Titanium(Ti),	649	Containing gaseous Oxygen
	Zirconium(Zr), or Hafnium(Hf),	650	And adding solid
C1 C	compound containing Halogen	651	And solid
616		652	Adding solid
617	Of chloride - MC1(4)	653	<pre>Melting Copper(Cu) in shaft furnace</pre>
		654	Zinc(Zn)

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655	Treating slag or dross	696	Of Lead-Sulfur compound
656	Reduction	697	Treating molten Lead(Pb)
657	Using Halogen containing	698	By vacuum
	material	699	Adding gas
658	Vaporizing or condensing	700	Containing Halogen atom
659	Treating material in	701	Adding solid
037	gaseous suspension	701	Containing free metal
660	Treating material in blast	702	_
000	furnace or cupola		Antimony(Sb)
661		704	Reduction
001	Treating material in	705	Bismuth(Bi)
660	vertical retort	706	Arsenic(As)
662	Treating material in rotary kiln	707	Reducing or smelting unnamed ore
663	Treating molten or vaporous Zinc(Zn)	708	Stirring or agitating of molten material
664	Using Halogen containing	709	Covering the surface of molten
	material		metal
665	Vaporizing or condensing	710	Below 300 degrees C
666	Condensing with Lead(Pb)	711	Using nonmetallic material
	coolant	,	which is liquid under standard
667	Condensing with use of		conditions (e.g.,
	molten metal slinger		hydrometallurgy, etc.)
668	Cadmium(Cd)	712	Involving mining or in situ
669	Vaporizing or condensing	7 1 2	operation
670	Mercury(Hg)	713	-
671	Aluminum(Al)	713	From photography materialFrom electrolytic or
672		714	cementation slime
673	Treating slag or dross	715	
	Reduction	715	Removing coating to recover
674	Carbothermic		free metal from substrate or
675	Decomposition of organo-	716	coating
	compound containing	716	From Tin(Sn) scrap or Tin
	Aluminum(Al)		plate
676	Of Aluminum(Al) halide	717	Reducing to free metal with
677	Of subhalide	-10	gas
678	Treating molten Aluminum(Al)	718	Copper (Cu) recovered as
679	Fractional crystallization		free metal
680	Adding gas	719	Using Sulfur dioxide
681	Containing Halogen atom	720	Noble metal recovered as
682	And adding solid		free metal
683	And solid	721	Utilizing organic reducing
684	Adding solid		agent
685	Containing Halogen	722	Involving organic compound
686	Melting Aluminum(Al)		containing metal or organic
687	Scrap		agent for agglomerating metal
688	Gallium(Ga) or Indium(In)	723	Natural or synthetic polymer
689	Germanium(Ge)	724	Displacing by another metal
690	Tin(Sn)		<pre>(i.e., electromotive series)</pre>
691	Reduction	725	Lead(Pb) or Zinc(Zn)
692	Of Halogen containing		recovered as free metal
V - L	material	726	Copper(Cu) recovered as free
693	Lead(Pb)		metal
694	Treating material in gaseous	727	And flotation
J J 1	suspension or gaseous state	728	And injecting or
695	Reduction		pressurizing with air or
			Oxygen

75 - 10 CLASS 75 SPECIALIZED METALLURGICAL PROCESSES, COMPOSITIONS FOR USE THEREIN, CONSOLIDATED METAL POWDER COMPOSITIONS, AND LOOSE METAL PARTICULATE MIXTURES

729	From Cyanide solution	755	On moving grate, moving
730	With agitating or abrading		pallet, or endless belt
731	Utilizing leaching agent	756	Using multi-layers
	containing Sulfur(S)	757	With gas recycling or reusing
732	Noble metal recovered as	758	Sintering
	free metal	759	Of consolidated starting
733	Silver(Ag) recovered as		material
	free metal	760	In shaft furnace or multi-
734	And injecting or		hearth furnace
	pressurizing with air or	761	Sintering
	Oxygen	762	In rotary kiln
735	From Cyanide solution	763	Sintering
736	Gold(Au) recovered as free	764	Coking of binder or additive
	metal	765	Sintering or with
737	From Cyanide solution		agglomerating or compacting
738	Nickel(Ni) or Cobalt(Co)	766	With coal, coke, pitch,
	recovered as free metal		asphalt, or tar
739	Utilizing chemical agent to	767	With synthetic polymer,
	precipitate free metal		natural polymer, or
740	Copper(Cu) recovered as free		carbohydrate
E 41	metal	768	With Alkaline earth metal
741	Noble metal recovered as		compound, clay, or
E 4.0	free metal	E.C.0	hydrosetting agent
742	Cleaning, leaching, or	769	Sintering
E 4.0	dissolving of Mercury(Hg)	770	Agglomerating or compacting
743	With leaching or dissolving	771	With coal, coke, pitch,
744	Noble metal recovered as	55	asphalt, or tar
T 4 F	free metal	772	With synthetic polymer,
745	Alkali metal, singly or in combination		natural polymer, or carbohydrate
746	.Consolidating metalliferous	773	With Alkaline earth metal
, 10	material (e.g., ore, tailings,	, , 3	compound, clay, or
	flue dust, fluxes, etc.) by		hydrosetting agent
	agglomerating, compacting, or		7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	heat treating; preparatory		
	process therefor; or treating		
	consolidated material	CROSS-	REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS
	therefrom	CITODD	THE DIMETOR THE CONDUCTIONS
747	Noble metal containing	950	CONSOLIDATED METAL POWDER
	metalliferous material	J J 0	COMPOSITIONS OF >95%
748	With vaporization of impurity		THEORETICAL DENSITY (E.G.,
	as metal halide		WROUGHT, ETC.)
749	With physical separation or	951	.Oxide containing (e.g.,
	classification of solids		dispersion strengthened, etc.)
750	By sifting	952	PRODUCING FIBERS, FILAMENTS, OR
751	With heat treatment (e.g.,		WHISKERS
	calcinating, fusing,	953	PRODUCING SPHERES
	indurating, roasting,	954	PRODUCING FLAKES OR CRYSTALS
==0	sintering, vaporizing, etc.)	955	PRODUCING DENTAL PRODUCT
752	Vaporizing metalliferous	956	PRODUCING PARTICLES CONTAINING A
EE 0	impurity		DISPERSED PHASE
753	With leaching, dissolving, or	957	CONTINUOUS REFINING OF MOLTEN
754	washing		IRON(FE)
754	By suspension (e.g., fluid		
	<pre>bed, cyclone, etc.)</pre>		

CLASS 75 SPECIALIZED METALLURGICAL PROCESSES, COMPOSITIONS FOR USE THEREIN, CONSOLIDATED METAL POWDER COMPOSITIONS, AND LOOSE METAL PARTICULATE MIXTURES 75 - 11

958	WITH CONCURRENT PRODUCTION OF
	IRON(FE) AND OTHER DESIRED
	NONMETALLIC PRODUCT (E.G.,
	<pre>ENERGY, FERTILIZER, ETC.)</pre>
959	THERMIT-TYPE REACTION OF SOLID
	MATERIALS ONLY TO YIELD MOLTEN
	METAL
960	IN ZERO GRAVITY ENVIRONMENT
961	TREATING FLUE DUST TO OBTAIN
	METAL (OTHER THAN BY
	CONSOLIDATION)
962	TREATING OR USING MILL SCALE

FOREIGN ART COLLECTIONS

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75 - 12 CLASS 75 SPECIALIZED METALLURGICAL PROCESSES, COMPOSITIONS FOR USE THEREIN, CONSOLIDATED METAL POWDER COMPOSITIONS, AND LOOSE METAL PARTICULATE MIXTURES